California Justice Gap Study

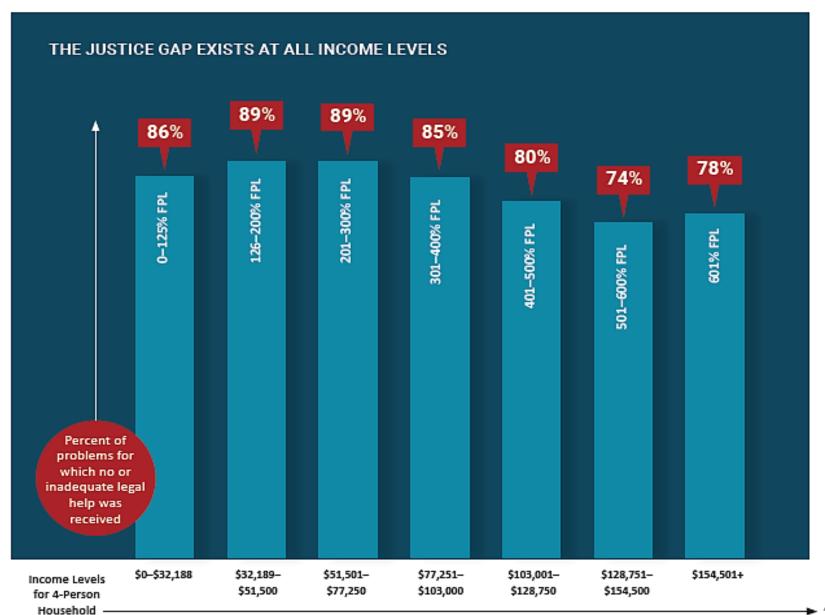
Hellen Hong, Director, Office of Access & Inclusion

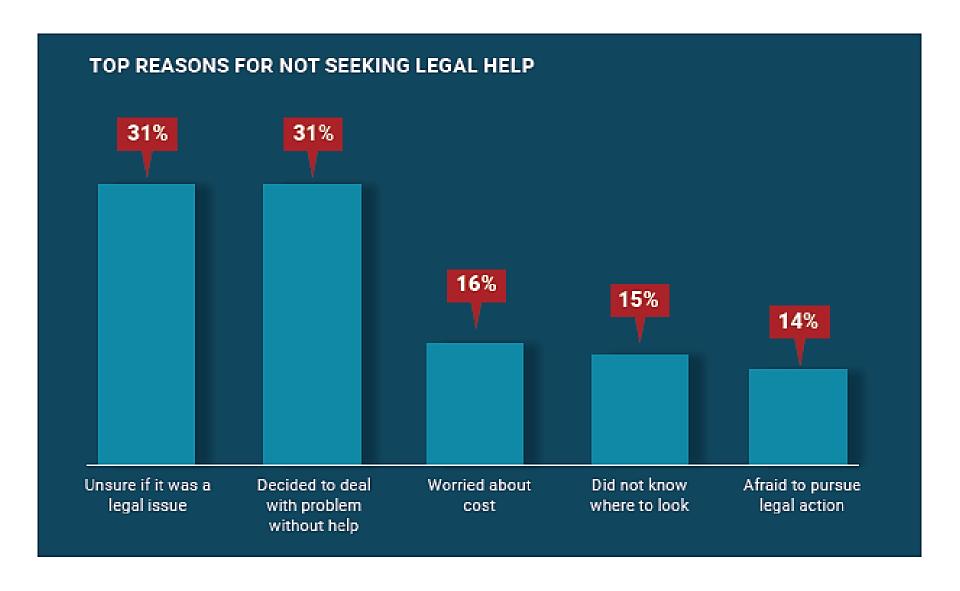
The California Justice Gap Study Components

- Survey of 3,885 adult Californians to understand the civil legal problems they faced and what they did to resolve them
- Intake Census of direct legal service providers funded by the State Bar
- Recruitment and Retention Report on Legal Aid
 Organizations and legal aid attorneys from the Legal Aid
 Association of California
- Law Student Survey on the impact of the cost of legal education and the effect on career choices and access to justice

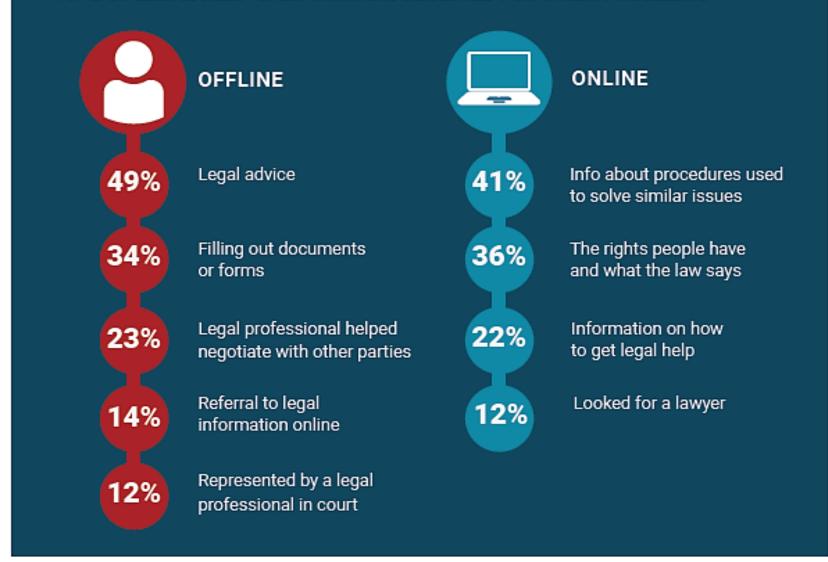
California Justice Gap Study Key Findings

- •55% of Californian's experienced at least one civil legal issue;
 - 13% of Californians experienced 6 or more problems
- •Health, Finance, and Employment were the main legal problem types faced by Californians, regardless of income
- •Fewer than 1 in 3 Californians sought legal help
 - Highlights a knowledge gap about legal issues
 - Legal aid can only fully resolving one-third of the problems presented by low-income Californians highlighting one area of the service gap
- One-third of legal aid attorneys leave organizations within 2 years
- •\$147,000 is the expected median law school debt for 80% of Californian ABA law students





TYPE OF LEGAL HELP CALIFORNIANS RECEIVED FOR THEIR PROBLEMS



TOP PROBLEM TYPES FOR WHICH CALIFORNIANS SOUGHT AND RECEIVED LEGAL HELP

All Californians





73% Wills & Estates



61% Custody

58% Family Californians at or below 125% FPL



54%

Custody

50% 47% **Immigration**

Homeownership

Californians above 125% FPL





77% Wills &

Estates

67% Family

54%

Custody

Sources of Offline Legal Help for Californians

